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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/854,810	05/14/2001	Umesh Krishnaswamy	1014-001US01	2001

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EXAMINER

REVAK, CHRISTOPHER A

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2131

DATE MAILED: 05/26/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/854,810

Applicant(s)

KRISHNASWAMY ET AL.

Examiner

Christopher A. Revak

Art Unit

2131

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on May 14, 2001.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-35 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-35 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 35 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because on it is recited of "patents" on the applicant's line 10 which should recite "packets" instead. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim Objections

2. Claim 35 is objected to because of the following informalities: It is recited in claim 35 "The routing device of claim **36**" which appears to depend upon claim 26 since there is no claim 36. The examiner is interpreting claim 35 as depending upon claim 26. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

4. Claims 1-4,15-18,26,28,29, and 33-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Joyce, U.S. Patent 6,519,703.

As per claims 1,15, and 26, Joyce discloses of a method for a firewall (routing device) that comprises a detection module to detect the presence of a network attack, a network interface to receive an inbound packet from the network, and a routing engine to selectively process the packet using a heuristic stage (software process/mode) or an interrupt driven service routine (mode) based on the detection of a network attack (col. 2, lines 30-57). The examiner is interpreting the interrupt driven service routine as being packets rated as "high confidence" and are released into the traditional firewall rule base for further processing, see column 2, lines 47-51.

As per claim 2, the teachings of Joyce disclose that the event comprises a network attack (col. 2, lines 57-60).

As per claim 3, Joyce discloses of invoking a service routine using a software interrupt when the event is not detected and invoking a software process using to initiate (via a wakeup signal) the further processing of a suspicious packet (col. 2, lines 30-57).

As per claims 4 and 17, it is disclosed by Joyce of detecting the presence of an event comprises detecting the event based on a traffic level of inbound packets received by a firewall (router)(col. 3, lines 19-25 and col. 4, lines 35-39).

As per claim 16, Joyce teaches of selectively processing the packet using a heuristic stage (software process/mode) or an interrupt driven service routine (mode) based on the detection of a network attack (col. 2, lines 30-57).

As per claim 18, Joyce discloses that the detection module detects the presence of a denial of service attack (col. 4, lines 32-43).

As per claims 28 and 29, Joyce teaches of a network service module being invoked in response to a hardware interrupt from the network interface and a set of packet service routines to service inbound packets in accordance with a plurality of network protocols (col. 2, lines 30-57 and col. 3, lines 29-58). A service routine is invoked using a software interrupt when the event is not detected and invoking a software process using to initiate (via a wakeup signal) the further processing of a suspicious packet (col. 2, lines 30-57).

As per claim 33, it is disclosed by Joyce of detecting the presence of an event comprises detecting the event based on a traffic level of inbound packets received by a firewall (router)(col. 3, lines 19-25 and col. 4, lines 35-39), wherein the event is a network attack (col. 2, lines 57-60).

As per claim 34, Joyce discloses that the detection module detects the presence of a denial of service attack (col. 4, lines 32-43).

As per claim 35, Joyce teaches of detecting the presence of an event comprises detecting the event based on a traffic level of inbound packets received by a firewall (router)(col. 3, lines 19-25 and col. 4, lines 35-39), wherein the event is a network attack (col. 2, lines 57-60). It is interpreted by the examiner that a pointer is selected from a table of pointers since it determines the mode of operation based on the severity of the packet rating.

5. Claims 5-14 and 19-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gleichauf et al, U.S. Patent 6,301,668.

As per claims 5 and 19, Gleichauf et al discloses of method and of a computer readable medium containing instructions for a processor to process network traffic (packets)(col. 2, lines 56-60; col. 7, lines 1-3; and col. 14, lines 30-31). Inbound traffic (packets) are received from a network and the traffic (packets) is then processed by a software process to detect attacks (col. 2, lines 56-66). The usage rate is controlled by which the software process uses computing resources to process the traffic (packets)(col. 8, lines 27-32,49-52, & 58-62).

As per claim 6, Gleichauf et al teaches of controlling the usage rate includes determining an execution period that the software process has executed (col. 8, lines 49-62). It is interpreted that a context switch is not used within the teachings of Gleichauf et al since it is not disclosed.

As per claim 7, Gleichauf et al discloses of controlling the usage rate comprises pausing execution of the software process for a sleep period when the execution period exceeds a threshold (col. 8, lines 58-65).

As per claim 8, the teachings of Gleichauf et al disclose of adjusting the sleep period during the network attack (col. 8, line 49 through col. 9, line 3).

As per claims 9 and 20, Gleichauf et al discloses of processing the traffic (packets) by initiating (invoking) a packet service routine from the software process (col. 8, lines 27-32,58-62).

As per claims 10 and 21, Gleichauf et al teaches of setting a rate limiting operating mode based on traffic level of inbound traffic (packets) and selectively initiating (invoking) packet service routines from the software process (col. 8, lines 49-65).

As per claims 11 and 22, Gleichauf et al discloses of initiating (invoking) a packet service routine from the software process (col. 8, lines 27-32,58-62). It is interpreted by the examiner that a pointer is selected from a table of pointers since it determines the mode of operation based on the usage levels.

As per claims 12 and 23, it is taught by Gleichauf et al of detecting the presence of a network attack (col. 8, lines 42-45).

As per claims 13 and 24, Gleichauf et al teaches of detecting the presence of the network attack comprises detecting the network attack based on bandwidth (traffic level) of inbound traffic (packets)(col. 8, lines 42-45,56-57).

As per claims 14 and 25, Gleichauf et al discloses of detecting denial of service attacks (col. 8, lines 42-45,56-57).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 27 and 30-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Joyce, U.S. Patent 6,519,703 in view of Gleichauf et al, U.S. Patent 6,301,668.

As per claim 27, Joyce disclose of selectively process the packet using a heuristic stage (software process/mode) or an interrupt driven service routine (mode) based on the detection of a network attack (col. 2, lines 30-57). The teachings of Joyce are silent in disclosing of enabling a rate limiting operating mode when a threshold is exceeded. Gleichauf et al discloses of controlling the usage rate of computer resources to process traffic (packets)(col. 8, lines 27-32,49-52, & 58-62). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have been motivated to apply means for controlling the usage rate of computer resources. Gleichauf et al discloses of motivation for the limiting of usage rates of computer resources by reciting system services can be prioritized based on the importance of the services and to be able to adapt to a changing network environment by maintaining a sufficient level of security (col. 3, lines 21-24 and col. 8, lines 49-56). It is obvious that the teachings of Joyce would have found the teachings of Gleichauf et al beneficial in the aspect of being able to maintain a sufficient level of security in a changing network environment.

As per claim 30, the teachings of Joyce disclose of selectively process the packet using a heuristic stage (software process/mode) or an interrupt driven service routine (mode) based on the detection of a network attack (col. 2, lines 30-57). The teachings of Joyce fail to disclose of a software process controlling the usage rate of computer resources to process packets. It is disclosed by Gleichauf et al of a software process controlling the usage rate of computer resources to process traffic (packets)(col. 8, lines 27-32,49-52, & 58-62). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have been motivated to apply means for controlling the usage rate of computer resources. Gleichauf et al discloses of motivation for the limiting of usage rates of computer resources by reciting system services can be prioritized based on the importance of the services and to be able to adapt to a changing network environment by maintaining a sufficient level of security (col. 3, lines 21-24 and col. 8, lines 49-56). It is obvious that the teachings of Joyce would have found the teachings of Gleichauf et al beneficial in the aspect of being able to maintain a sufficient level of security in a changing network environment.

As per claim 31, the teachings of Gleichauf et al disclose of a software process that controls the usage rate of computing resources by determining an execution period that the software process has executed and pausing execution of the software process for a sleep period when the execution period exceeds a threshold (col. 8, lines 27-32,49-52, & 58-62). Please refer above for the motivational benefits of applying the teachings of Gleichauf et al to the teachings of Joyce. It is interpreted that a context switch is not used within the teachings of Gleichauf et al since it is not disclosed.

As per claim 32, Gleichauf et al discloses of the software process dynamically adjusting the sleep period during the network attack (col. 8, lines 27-32, 49-52, & 58-62). Please refer above for the motivational benefits of applying the teachings of Gleichauf et al to the teachings of Joyce.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Gleichauf et al, U.S. Patent 6,816,973 discloses of disabling resources when the usage rates exceed a particular level.

Gleichauf et al, U.S. Patent 6,499,107 discloses of disabling resources when the usage rates exceed a particular level.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher A. Revak whose telephone number is 571-272-3794. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 6:30am-4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on 571-272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

CR
CR
May 24, 2005

Christopher Revak
AU 2131
CR
5/24/05